

# **PCT**

# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

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Applicant's or agent's file reference SPI/HER	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)
International application No. PCT/US99/11072	International filing date (day/n	nonth/year) Priority date (day/month/year)
International Patent Classification (IPC)	or national classification and IF	19 MAY 1998 PC
IPC(7): A23G 3/00, 3/30 and US C	420/3, 283, 433, 630, 638	
SPI POLYOLS, INC.		
Examining Authority and is  2. This REPORT consists of a  This report is also accombeen amended and are th	transmitted to the applicant a total of sheets. panied by ANNEXES, i.e., sheet e basis for this report and/or she ion 607 of the Administrative	ets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have eets containing rectifications made before this Authority.
3 This report contains indication		ems
l X Basis of the repor		
II Priority		
III Non-establishmen	t of report with regard to no	velty, inventive step or industrial applicability
IV X Lack of unity of		
V X Reasoned statemen citations and explain	t under Article 35(2) with regardations supporting such statem	and to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; ent
VI Certain documents of	eited	
VII Certain defects in th	e international application	
VIII Certain observations	on the international application	on
Date of submission of the demand	Date o	of completion of this report
17 DECEMBER 1999	22	SEPTEMBER 2000
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/U		rized officer
Commissioner of Patents and Tradema Box PCT Washington, D.C. 20231		RTHUR L. CORBIN
Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230	Teleph	ione No. (703) 308-3850
Form PCT/IPEA/409 (cover sheet) (July		,

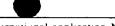


International application No.

PCT/US99/11072

I.	Basis of t	the report		
1.	With regard t	to the <b>elements</b> of the interna	ational application:*	
-		ernational application as	••	
	<u> </u>	scription:	,	
	1 3 1	1-17		as originally filed
		NONE	, filed with the letter of	
	X the cla	10.00		
	pages			as originally filed
	pages ;		, as amended (together with any	
		<del></del>	, filed with the letter of	, filed with the demand
	1		, mee with the letter of	
	X the dra	iwings:		
	pages	NONE		, as originally filed
	pages	NONE		, filed with the demand
	pages	NONE	, filed with the letter of	
		quence listing part of the d NONE		
	nages .	NONE	, filed with the letter of	, filed with the demand
2	the internative	anal application was filed a	nents marked above were available or furnished to this / unless otherwise indicated under this item.	
	These eleme	ents were available or furnis	hed to this Authority in the following language	which is:
	the lan	guage of a translation fu	rnished for the purposes of international search	(under Rule 23.1(b))
	the lan	guage of publication of	the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)	\ \
	_			
	or 55.3)		hished for the purposes of international preliminary ex	tamination (under Rules 55.2 and/
3.	With regard	d to any <b>nucleotide and/o</b>	r amino acid sequence disclosed in the international	al application, the international
	preliminary	examination was carried	out on the basis of the sequence listing:	
	ontain 🗀	ed in the international a	pplication in printed form.	
	filed to	gether with the internati	onal application in computer readable form.	
	furnishe	ed subsequently to this A	Authority in written form	
	=			
	<u> </u>		Authority in computer readable form	
	The stat	tement that the subsequentional application as filed in	tly furnished written sequence listing does not go l has been furnished	beyond the disclosure in the
		· ·		a seedana na sasana Mari
	been fur	mished.	recorded in computer readable form is identical to the	e writen sequence listing has
	X The am	nendments have resulted	in the cancellation of	
4.1		ionamento nave regalica		
	LA th	ne description, pages	NONE	
	∠X th	ne claims, Nos.	NONE	
	X th	ne drawings, sheets <del>/fig</del> _	NONE	
5	X This rep	ort has been drawn as if (so	ome of) the amendments had not been made, since the	y have been considered to go
	beyond	the disclosure as filed, as u	ndicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)).**	_
*	Replacement s in this report	sheets which have been furni. "as "originally filed" and i	shed to the receiving Office in response to an invitation is are not annexed to this report since they do not con-	under Article 14 are referred to
	and 70.17).			
**	Any replacen	nent sheet containing such	amendments must be referred to under item 1 and a	innexed to this report.



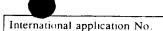


International application No.

PCT/US99/11072

response to the invitation to restrict or pay additional fees the applicant has:
x restricted the claims.
paid additional fees.
paid additional fees under protest.
neither restricted nor paid additional fees.
This Authority found that the requirement of unity of invention is not complied with and chose, according to Rule not to invite the applicant to restrict or pay additional fees.
s Authority considers that the requirement of unity of invention in accordance with Rules 13.1, 13.2 and 13.3 is
complied with.
x not complied with for the following reasons:
Claims 1-15, 48-62, 78-83, 88-97, 99-101, 105, 106, 112-114 Claims 16-30, 102, 103 Claims 31-47, 63-77, 104, 107, 108 Claims 84-87, 98, 109, 111 Species of claims 2.64.95,96  The claims of the five groups are directed to different inventions which are not linked to form a single general concept. It claims in the different groups do not have in common the same or corresponding "special technical features". In particular, method of each group is different from the method in the other groups in that the Group I method, product and composition limizes the degradation of an acid-sensitive additive, the group II method increases salivation during chewing, the method product in Group III remove or prevent plaque deposition on teeth, and the method and product thereof in Group IV requires secific sequence of steps not present in the other groups. Further the species recited in Group V are completely different in each other, unrelated and are not interchangeable.





PCT/US99/11072

V.	Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;
	citations and explanations supporting such statement

statement			
Novelty (N)	Claims	(Please See supplemental sheet)	Y
	Claims	(Please See supplemental sheet)	N
Inventive Step (IS)	Claims	(Please See supplemental sheet)	Y
	Claims	(Please See supplemental sheet)	N
Industrial Applicability (IA)	Claims	(Please See supplemental sheet)	Y
T.F. C. C.	Claims	(Please See supplemental sheet)	N

#### 2. citations and explanations (Rule 70.7)

Claims 1-4, 6-10, 48-51 and 53-57 lack novelty under PCT Article 33(2) as being anticipated by DuRoss (cols. 5 and 6). Arima et al (cols. 3 and 5) or Schobel et al (cols. 5-8). Each patent discloses preparing a confectionery product, e.g. chewing gum, including a co-processed composition composed of citric acid and mannitol, as well as a flavor.

Claims 5, 11-15, 52, 58-62, 100, 101, 105 and 106 lack an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over DuRoss, Arima et al or Schobel et al. Inorganic acids, e.g. phosphoric acid, and sugars, e.g. sucrose, are conventional chewing gum additives. Further, it would have been obvious to include an abrasive, e.g. kaolin, together with the acid in each primary reference since it is old to prepare chewing gum containing an acid and an abrasive, e.g. kaolin, to aid in removing plaque from teeth, as taught by applicant's prior art admission (page 6, lines 26-27 and page 7, lines 10-11). The moisture content of the chewing gum (claims 13-15, 60-62) is an obvious matter of choice depending upon desired results, personal reference and consumer appeal, and is not critical.

Claims 1-4, 6-12, 48-51 and 53-59 lack novelty under PCT Article 33(2) as being anticipated by Witzel et al. (cols. 5-7 and 10). Witzel et al discloses preparing chewing gum including a co-processed composition composed of citric acid and a sweetener, e.g. mannitol or sucrose, glucose or fructose, as well as a flavor.

Claims 5, 13-15, 52, 60-62, 100, 101, 105 and 106 lack an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over Witzel et al.

Applicant is referred to the reasoning set forth in the second paragraph above.

Claims 78-80 lack novelty under PCT Article 33(2) as being anticipated by Smeltz. Smeltz (abstract) discloses combining mannitol with lactic acid, malic acid, citric acid or tartaric acid to provide an aqueous solution, which is subsequently reacted with a titanium compound.

Claims 78, 80, 82 and 83 lack novelty under PCT Article 33(2) as being anticipated by Beres et al (col. 3, line 42 and col. 5, lines 30-39). Beres et al discloses granules composed (Continued on Supplemental Sheet.)



Supplemental Box

(To be used when the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient)

Continuation of: Boxes I - VIII

Sheet 10

#### I. BASIS OF REPORT:

5. (Some) amendments are considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed: NONE

#### IV. LACK OF UNITY OF INVENTION:

4. The parts of the international application relating to claim number(s) 1-15, 48-62, 78-83, 88-97, 99-101, 105, 106, 112-114 were the subject of international preliminary examination in establishing this report.

#### V. 1. REASONED STATEMENTS:

The report as to Novelty was positive (YES) with respect to claims 5, 13-15, 52, 60-62, 81, 99-101, 105, 106, 112-114.

The report as to Novelty was negative (NO) with respect to claims 1-4, 6-12, 48-51, 53-59, 78-80, 82, 83, 88-97.

The report as to Inventive Step was positive (YES) with respect to claims NONE.

The report as to Inventive Step was negative (NO) with respect to claims 1-15, 48-62, 78-83, 88-97, 99-101, 105, 106, 112-114.

The report as to Industrial Applicability was positive (YES) with respect to claims 1-15, 48-62, 78-83, 88-97, 99-101, 105, 106, 112-114.

The report as to Industrial Applicability was negative (NO) with respect to claims NONE.

#### V. 2. REASONED STATEMENTS - CITATIONS AND EXPLANATIONS (Continued):

primarily of equal parts of malic acid and mannitol, which are prepared by granulating and then drying a mixture of mannitol, malic acid and water.

Claims 78 and 88-97 lack novelty under PCT Article 33(2) as being anticipated by Barnett et al (pages 5-8, 11, 12). Barnett et al discloses a sweetener which may be composed of only mannitol and aminobenzoic acid. The sweetener is used to sweeten chewing gum, confections, pudding, etc.

Claims 78, 79 and 82 lack novelty under PCT Article 33(2) as being anticipated by Smith et al (col. 1, lines 49-53 and Ex. 1)

Smith et al discloses a composition composed primarily of mannitol and citric acid in agglomerated or tablet form prepared by agglomerating and then drying a mixture of the components.

Claim 81 lacks an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over Smeltz, Beres et al. Barnett et al or Smith et al.

Finding the optimum amount of each component in the composition would require nothing more than routine experimentation by one reasonably skilled in this art.

Claims 79 and 99 lack an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over Beres et al. It would have been obvious to substitute any of the acids claimed in claims 2 and 8 for the malic acid in Beres et al since all are well known food acidulants.

Also, see the last sentence in the preceding paragraph.

Claims 82 and 83 lack an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over Barnett et al in view of Beres et al.

It would have been obvious to prepare the sweetener in Barnett et al by granulating or agglomerating in the presence of water and then drying to form granules or agglomerates, i.e. tablets, since such a procedure for preparing a sweetener composition is old, as evidenced by Beres et al.

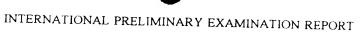
Claims 80 and 99 lack an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over Smith et al.

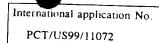
It would have been obvious to substitute malic or phosphoric acid for the citric acid in Smith et al since all are well known food acidulants.

Claim 83 lacks an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over Smith et al in view of Beres et al. It would have been obvious to use the tablet in Smith et al in granule form since granules and tablets are alternative forms of sweetening compositions containing mannitol and an acidulant, as evidenced by Beres et al (col. 3, line 42).

Claims 112-114 lack an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being claims over Barnett et al. It would have obvious to substitute phosphoric acid for the aminobenzoic acid in Barnett et al since both are well known food acidulants and since phosphoric acid is a conventional acid used in chewing gum. Also, with respect to claim 113, see the third sentence in the second paragraph of the negative statements herein.

Claims 1-15, 48-62, 78-83, 88-97, 99-101, 105, 106 and 112-114 meet the criteria of PCT Article 33(4) since the product can be used as a confectionery product or a part thereof, and the process can be used to prepare a confectionery product or a component thereof.





Supplemental Box (To be used when the space in any of the preceding boxes is not suff	ficient)	
Continuation of: Boxes I - VIII	Shee	t 1]
NONE NEW CITATIONS		
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# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US99/11072

	SSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER (A23G=3/00,=3/30						
US CL	US CL : 426/3, 285, 453, 650, 658						
	o International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both	national classification and IPC					
	DS SEARCHED						
	ocumentation searched (classification system followed	by classification symbols)					
U.S. : •	426/3, 4, 5, 6, 285, 453, 650, 658						
Documentat NONE	ion searched other than minimum documentation to the	extent that such documents are included	in the fields searched				
Electronic d	lata base consulted during the international search (na	ame of data base and, where practicable	e, search terms used)				
C. DOC	UMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT						
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where ap	propriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.				
X	US 5,023,092 A (DROSS) 11 June document.	1991 (11.06.91), see entire	1-4, 6-10, 48-51, 53-57				
Y	5, 11-15, 52, 5 62, 100, 101, 10 106						
X  Y	US 4,556,565 A (ARIMA ET AL) 03 see entire document.	December 1985 (03.12.85),	1-4, 6-10, 48-51, 53-57				
1		5, 11-15, 52, 58- 62, 88-97, 100, 101, 105, 106, 112-114					
X Furt	her documents are listed in the continuation of Box C	See patent family annex.					
	pecial extegories of cited documents	"T" later document published after the into	ernational filing date or priority				
TAT do	scument defining the ceneral state of the art which is not considered be of particular relevance	date and not in conflict with the app the principle or theory underlying the	ireation but cited to understand				
	clier document published on or after the international filing date	"Y" document of particular relevance, the considered novel or cannot be consider when the document is taken alone.					
cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified).  *O* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other combined with one or more other such documents, such corrections.							
.b. qe	being obvious to a person skilled in the art  document published prior to the international filing date but later than the document member of the same patent family						
	e priority due calmed  actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international se	arch report				
30 JULY	1999	<b>23</b> AUG 1999					
	mailing address of the ISA/US oner of Patents and Trademarks	Authorized officer	Time-				
	on, D.C. 20231	ARTHUR L. CORBIN					
Facsimile !	No. (703) 305-3230	Telephone No (703) 308-3850					

### INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US99/11072

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No
X 	US 4,824,681 A (SCHOBEL ET AL) 25 April 1989 (25.04.89), see entire document.	1-4, 6-10, 48-51, 53-57
Y		5, 11-15, 52, 58- 62, 88-97, 100, 101, 105, 106,112- 114
X	US 4,238,475 A (WITZEL ET AL) 09 December 1980 (09-12-80), see entire document.	1-4, 6-12, 48-51, 53-59
Y		5, 13-15, 52, 60- 62, 100, 101, 105, 106
Y	US 4,400,372 A (MUHLER ET AL) 23 August 1983 (23.08 83), see entire document.	101, 106, 113
X  Y	US 5,021,171 A (SMELTZ) 04 June 1991 (04.06.91), see entire document.	78-80  81
X  Y	US 5,707, 654 A (BERES ET AL) 13 January 1998 (13.01.98), see entire document.	78, 80, 82, 83 
X  Y	EP 0,131,640 A (BARNETT ET AL) 23 January 1985, (23.01.85), see entire document.	78, 88-97  81-83, 99, 112- 114
X  Y	US 5,254,355 A (SMITH ET AL) 19 October 1993 (19.10.93), see entire document.	78, 79, 82 

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US99/11072

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)
This international report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:
1. Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
2. Claims Nos.: because they relate to parts of the international application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful international search can be carried out, specifically:
3. Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).
Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)
This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:
I. Claims 1-15, 48-62, 78-83, 88-97, 99-101, 105, 106, 112-114.  II. Claims 16-30, 102, 103.  III. Claims 31-47, 63-77, 104, 107, 108.  IV. Claims 84-87, 98, 109-111.  V. Species of claims 2, 64, 95, 96.
1. As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers all searchable claims.
2. As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. X No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international search report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.: 1-15, 48-62, 78-83, 88-97, 99-101, 105, 106, 112-114; Species is chewing gum
Remark on Protest
No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.



## **PCT**

# WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION International Bureau



## INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification <sup>6</sup> : A23G 3/00, 3/30	A1	<ul> <li>(11) International Publication Number: WO 99/59427</li> <li>(43) International Publication Date: 25 November 1999 (25.11.99)</li> </ul>
(21) International Application Number: PCT/US (22) International Filing Date: 19 May 1999 (		Hutz, 1220 Market Street, P.O. Box 2207, Wilmington, DE
(30) Priority Data:	p-Part p-Part	Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM) European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN TD, TG).  Published With international search report.

(54) Title: CO-PROCESSED COMPOSITIONS OF ACIDS AND WATER SOLUBLE CRYSTALLINE COMPOUNDS AND RELATED PRODUCTS AND METHODS

#### (57) Abstract

The invention includes co-processed compositions containing at least one acidulent and at least one water-soluble crystalline compound for use in shelf-stable low-moisture comestible, confectionery, dentifrice, or pharmaceutical products containing acid-sensitive additives. The invention also includes methods of minimizing the degradation of an acid-sensitive additive by at least one acidulent in low-moisture comestible, confectionery, dentifrice, or pharmaceutical products that contain at least one acidulent by using the co-processed compositions of the present invention. The invention also includes methods of increasing salivation and methods of removing or preventing the deposition of plaque on teeth using the co-processed compositions of the present invention. Examples of low-moisture comestible, confectionery, pharmaceutical or dentifrice products in which the co-processed compositions may be used are chewing gum, bubble gum, instant beverages, frozen desserts, toothpaste and dental floss.

## FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

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C		Cameroon		Republic of Korea	PL	Poland		
C		China	KR	Republic of Korea	PT	Portugal		
C		Cuba	KZ	Kazakstan	RO	Romania		
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